**TRƯỜNG THCS HƯNG ĐẠO**

**TỔ KHXH**

**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP GIỮA HỌC KỲ 2 HỌC KÌ II**

**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 7**

**UNIT 9:**

**1. The simple past tense : Thì quá khứ đơn**

**\* Cấu trúc**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Ordinary verbs ( Động từ thường ) | The verb “be” ( Động từ “ to be”) | |
| (+) : S + V ( cột II,ed) +… | (+) | S + was / were + … |
| (-) : S + didn’t + V … | ( -) | S + was / were + not +… |
| (?) : Did + S + V ….? | (?) Was / Were + S +… ? | |
| => Yes, S + did / No , S + didn’t | => Yes, S + was/ were ; No, S + wasn’t / weren’t | |

* **Cách dùng :** - Diễn tả hành động đã xảy ra và đã chấm dứt trong quá khứ.
  + Dùng để kể lại một câu chuyện.
* **Dấu hiệu nhận biết** : yesterday ( hôm qua), last ( trước, qua), ago (cách đây), in the past ( trong quá khứ) ,when ( khi ) …

Ex: I ( be) **was** sick yesterday.

I ( not be ) **was not** sick yesterday.

**Were** ( be) you sick yesterday ? => Yes, I was/ No, I wasn’t.He ( go) **went** to see a movie last night.

He ( not go) **didn’t go** to see a movie last night.

**Did** he ( go) **go** to see a movie yesterday ? => Yes, I did / No, I didn’t.

1. **Học thuộc các động từ có qui tắc và bất qui tắc dùng trong thì quá khứ đơn.**
2. **Xem lại cách đổi từ câu khẳng định (+) sang câu phủ định (-) và câu hỏi (?)**

**\*\* Exercise :**

***I. Underline the best answer :***

1. She talked to her friends ( about / on / with ) her vacation in Dalat.
2. I ( am / was / were ) very happy on my last vacation.
3. It was a green skirt with white flowers ( in / at / on ) it.
4. Did Liz buy any ( gifts / picture / cap) in Nha Trang ?
5. He ( doesn’t / won’t / didn’t ) come here last night.
6. ( When / where / What time ) did you see her ? – Yesterday morning.
7. We ( are visiting / will visit / visit / visited) Ha Long Bay last summer vacation.
8. Lan sometimes ( goes / go / went / is going ) to the zoo.
9. When they ( was / will be / were / are ) children, they often played with each other.
10. Yesterday, , I ( am buying / going to buy / buy / bought ) many gifts for him on the trip to Ha Noi.

***II. Supply the correct verbs form :***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | I ( meet ) ………….. her at the movie theater last night. |
| 2. | He ( go ) …………….. to the English club every Sunday. But last Sunday he ( not go ) …………. |
|  | there, he ( go ) went to the City’s museum. |
| 3. | My mother ( make ) …………………….…………. a dress now. |
| 4. | Two years ago, she ( teach ) …………………………. at a village school. |

* 1. What ……………………… you (do) ………………….. yesterday morning?
  2. We ( travel ) ……………………………… to Hue next month.

***III. Change these sentences into negative (-) and interrogative ( ?):***

* 1. He sent letters to his parents.

(-) …………………………………………………………………………………………

* + …………………………………………………………………………………………?

1. My brother spent his summer holiday on the farm.

(-)………………………………………………………………………………………….

* + …………………………………………………………………………………………. ?

1. The people were friendly .

(-) ……………………………………………………………………………………………

* + …………………………………………………………………………………………… ?

1. Liz enjoyed her summer vacation last year.

(-) …………………………………………………………………………………………….

* + ……………………………………………………………………………………………?

1. Nam was absent from school yesterday

(-) …………………………………………………………………………………………….

(?) …………………………………………………………………………………………… ?

**UNIT 10:**

1. **Hỏi và trả lời về thời gian ai đó làm gì**
   * What time do /does + S + V …?

S + V / Vs / Ves + at + giờ.

Eg : What time **do you** get up ? I get up at five o’clock.

What time **does he** get up ? He gets up at five o’clock.

**2. Why ? because : Tại sao ? Bởi vì**

Eg: **Why** didn’t you come to the party last night ? **Because** I was busy.

1. **Review the simple past tense (Ôn lại thì quá khứ đơn )**
2. **Hỏi xem ai đó có chuyện gì**

What’s the matter with you / him / her/ them ? = What is wrong with you /him/ her / them ?

I /We / They + have a + tên bệnh. He / She + has a + tên bệnh.

Eg: What’s the matter with Nam ? He has a toothache.

***\*\*Exercise:***

***I. Underline the best answer :***

1. He ( is / were / was ) very happy yesterday.
2. I received a letter ( of / to from ) your aunt last week.
3. Don’t eat too ( much / many / lots of ) candy.
4. Are you scared ( of / in / at ) seeing the dentist ?
5. Wash your hands ( before / after / in ) meals.
6. Remember ( brush / to brush / brushing ) your teeth afert meals.
7. She looks tired. What’s the ( matter / happen / wrong ) with her.
8. Minh is absent today ( why / because / when ) he is ill.
9. ( Why did you / When did you / Why didn’t you ) come to the meeting last night ? Because I was busy.
10. They ( work / worked / are working )on the farm now.
11. Sometimes I ( do / did / am doing ) my own washing and ironing.
12. Mai’s younger sister ( has / is having /had ) a toothache last week.

***II. Make questions for these answers : ( Đặt câu hỏi)***

1. Nam played badminton with Minh -> ……………………………………….………………………………?
2. She went to the doctor because she had a headache -> ………………………………………..……………. ?
3. My father was in Ha Noi three weeks ago -> ………………………………………………………………..?
4. He had an appointment at 10.30 -> What time did he have an appointment ?
5. They travelled to the USA by plane last month -> How did they travel to the USA last month ?

***III. Viết một đoạn văn ngắn để trả lời cho câu hỏi “ What do you do everyday ?”***

Everday, I get up, do morning exercises, wash my face, clean my teeth , get dressed, have breakfast and go to school. In the afternnon, I do my homewok. In the evning, I learn my lesson and then go to bed.

***IV.Supply the correct verb form :***

1. She never ( stay ) ………….. up late at night.
2. My mother ( plant ) ………………………. flowers in the garden at the moment.

1. Why ……………. you ( leave) …………….. the party early last night?
2. Minh ( go ) …………….. to the dentist tomorrow morning.
3. Mozart ( play) ………………. the piano when he ( be ) ……………… three.
4. I ( brush ) …………….. my teeth every night, but last night I ( forget ) ……………. to brush them.

***V. Complete the dialogue using words given in the box.***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Dr | Explains how | brush | surgery | kind | children | looks | scared | and so is her |
| Lai is a dentist. She | looks | after people’s teeth. Dr Lai’s | | | surgery | clean and tidy, |
| uniform. Most children are scared when they come to see Dr Lai, but she is a | | | | | | | kind woman. She explains | |

what will happen so they are not afraid. Dr Lai often gives children advice. She tells them how to look after their teeth. She reminds them to brush their teeth regularly and eat sensibly.

***VI. Give the past form of these verbs : (* Cho dạng quá khứcủa các động từsau)**

Make/ teach/ look/ cut/ Have/ see / buy / take / tell / go / eat / give / watch / visit / be/ drink / play / / talk / wash

**UNIT 11:**

1. **Hỏi về chiều cao :** How tall are you = What is your height ? I am 1 meter 50 centimeters tall.
2. **Hỏi về cân nặng :**How heavy are you = What is your weight ? I am 46 kilos
3. Xem lại mẫu phiếu khám sức khỏe và điền thông tin.
4. **need + to inf :** cần làm gì

Eg: I need ( know) **to know** your height.

Tell + so + to do sth : bảo ai làm gì

Eg: The nurse tells Hoa ( wait) **to wait** in the waiting room.

Should / ought to + V-inf : nên làm gì

Eg: You should ( wash) **wash** your hands before meals.

**\*\* Exercise :**

I***. Underline the best answers :***

1. I need ( measuring / to measure / measure ) your height.
2. How ( height/ weight / heavy ) is Nga ? – She is 36 kilos.
3. ( Would / Can / Do ) you lend me your pen,please ?
4. You should ( to wash / washing / wash ) your hands before meals.
5. The medicines ( prevented / relieved / protected ) the pain in my chest.
6. The nurse told Hoa ( to return / returning / return ) to the waiting room.
7. Everybody ( knows / to know / know ) the symptoms, but nobody( know / knowing / knows ) a cure.
8. ( What is your weight ? / How height are you ?/ What is your height ?) I’m one meter fifty centimeters tall.
9. Your ( height / weight / temperature ) is 37 0C.
10. The students are having a ( scales / measure / medical ) check –up.
11. ***Make questions for these answers below:***
    1. My brother is one meter 70 centimeters tall -> …………………………………………………. ?
    2. Peter is 45 kilos. -> ……………………………………………………………………………..?
    3. The blue dress is 120 thousand dong -> ………………………………………………………… ?
    4. It is about two kilometers from here to the bus stop -> ………………………………………….?
    5. Hoa was absent from class yesterday because she had a bad cold -> …………………………………….?

6. The students had a medical check- up yesterday morning -> …………………………………………...?

**UNIT 12:**

1. **Cách dùng của “ too /so”, “ neither / either”.**
   * Too /so : cũng vậy ( dung trong câu khẳng định )

3

S + do / does / did / M.V ,**too**.

**So** + do/ does /did / M.V + S

M.V ( động từ đặc biệt) : gồm : be, can, should, must , will , ought to…

Eg: S1:I **like** durians

S2: I **like** durians, too / So **do** I

S1: He **is** a student

S2: I **am** a student, too / So **am** I

\* neither/ either : cũng không ( dùng trong câu phủ định)

S + don’t / doesn’t / didn’t +MV –not , **either**.

**Neither** + do / does / did / MV + S

Eg: S1: I don’t like carrots

S2: I don’t like carrots , either / Neither do I.

S1: She can’t swim

S2: I can’t swim , either / Neither can I.

1. **Ask and answer** : What did you have for + tên bữa ăn?

I ate + tên món ăn + for + tên bữa ăn

Ex : What did you have for breakfast ? I had noodles for breakfast.

**\*\*Exercise :**

***I Underline the best answers*** :

1. Would you like ( to go / going /go ) to the movies tonight ?
2. Hoa feels sick . She ate too ( much / many / a lot of ) candy last night.
3. I would like ( buying / to buy / buy ) some fruit and vegetables.
4. She doesn’t like pork, and ( too /so /neither /either ) does her uncle.
5. You must drink ( much / many / a few ) water every day.
6. He was busy yesterday and ( neither / so /too ) were his brothers.
7. My mother didn’t wash it but I ( did/ didn’t/ do)
8. Milk is good ( to / with / for ) your health.
9. She ( made / heated / sliced ) the beef into thin strips.
10. Nam can swim, ( too / so / neither ) can Ba .

***II. Using words in the box to fill in the blanks:***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | What | stay | variety | must | affects | balanced | moderation | but |  |
| We know that the food we eat affects | | | | our whole life, so we must remember to eat sensibly. We should have a | | | | | |
| balanced diet . What does “ a balanced diet “ mean ? It means you eat a | | | | | | | variety of food without eating too | | |
| much of anything. | | Moderation is very important . Eat the food you enjoy, but don’t have too much . This will | | | | | | | |
| help you stay fit and healthy. | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. ***Answer : What did you do yesterday ? ( Viết 5 câu)***
   * I played soccer.
   * I did my homework.
   * I watched TV.
   * I listened to music.
   * I went to school.

**UNIT 13:**

**1. Cách thành lập trạng từ chỉ thể cách.**

Adj( Tính từ ) + ly = Adv. of manner. ( Trạng từ chỉ thể cách )

Trường hợp đặc biệt : hard, fast. early, late : vừa là tính từ vừa là trạng từ.

1. **Position of adv. of manner** ( Vịtrí của trạng từchỉthểcách )

Ex: He plays soccer very **well**. ( Đứng sau tân ngữ của động từ thường) She swims **slowly**. ( Đứng sau động từ thường.)

4

1. Would you like to + V-inf ? Bạn có thích …? Ex : Would you like ( play) **to play** soccer?

**\*\* Exercise :**

***I. Underline the best answers***

1. My mother always drives ( careful / carefully/ slow )
2. You ought ( to go / go / going ) to the dentist.
3. ( What’s sport / What sport / What sports ) does your father like ? He likes tennis.
4. Mr Robinson speaks Vietnamese very ( fluently / skillfully / good).
5. This river is very ( danger / dangerously / dangerous ) for the swimmers.
6. Walking is a good sports( game / activity / health ). It makes us ( healthy / activist / health).
7. I ( must / can / shouldn’t ) stay in bed because I have a bad cold.
8. I like swimming . - ………………………..( So do I / Yes, I do / I do, so )
9. ( Do you like to go swimming ? / Would you like to go swimming ? / Shall we go swimming ?) – I’d love to .
10. Would you like ( to play /play / playing ) table tennis ?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***II. Viết các trạng từ chỉ thể cách từ những tính từ sau :*** | |  |
| 1. | good -> …………………. | 7. safe -> ………… |
| 2. | bad -> ………………….. | 8. sudden -> ……………… |
| 3. | slow -> ………………… | 9. careless -> …………… |
| 4. | quick - > ……………….. | 10 recent -> ………………………… |
| 5. | skillful - > ……………….. | 11 free -> ………………………… |
| 6. | clear -> ………………….. | 12. strict -> ………………………. |